Oak Universe

BioN	/lanu	Jfa	etu	ring	
I he rev	i nøitulo	S			

Key Highlights

JDC

 \square

A Snapshot of Biomanufacturing Research and Development Market challenges Increasing R&I Investment . Digitalisation

Introduction Statement

The biomanufacturing revolution is upon us. Since the year 2000, biomanufacturing has risen to become a significant industry, with the ability to engineer biology along with the deployment of automation, data-analytics and AI in production processes, advancing significantly.

As of 2022, biomanufacturing could even be considered a mature market- the economies of scale found in the industry enable significant cost reductions in central unit operations. At Oak Universe, we are characterised by our ethos of supporting Europe's Fourth Industrial Revolution- and that also includes the Biomanufacturing revolution.

The biotech industry could perhaps be characterised as one of the most innovative industries and is rapidly driving revolutionary change in our ways of living at a rapid pace. Commonly associated with healthcare and pharmaceutical outputs, this industry was one of the main drivers of the development, and subsequent mass production of various brands of Covid vaccination jab. But contrary to the common association, biomanufacturing is also involved in creating food, agriculture, materials and energy production, with innovations in these fields set to take off rapidly in the next 10-20 years.

In this short paper, we present a brief industry outlook of the biomanufacturing industry, capturing the key trends in the market.

A Snapshot of Biomanufacturing

Once considered a natural phenomenon, biology may now be viewed as a fundamentally programmable technology through DNA, otherwise known as genetic code. Within the bioengineering sector, the cost of cell programming has declined by 50% year-on-year, with this technology driving the genetic engineering evolution towards the field of synthetic biology- that is, the design and build of new biological parts, systems and processes for a set purpose1. As a whole, the European biotechnology market collected total revenues of \$78.7 billion in 2019, which represents a compound annual growth rate of 7.2% between 2015 and 2019. Since the Covid-19 pandemic, these figures have skyrocketed. Take Covid-19 vaccine developer BioNTech, whose market cap skyrocketed by almost 160% in a year, going from a market cap of around €22.5 billion in December 2020, to €61.5 billion in December 2021. Indeed, 15 biotech companies in Europe had a market cap in the billions as of December 2021.

Case Example: Bioreactors

Within the biomanufacturing industry, one of the biggest market opportunities in the next 10 years is the increasing development and commercialisation of bioreactors. Growth for the European bioreactors market was valued at over \$1.7 billion in 2019 and is expected to witness a compound annual growth rate of over 13.7% from 2020 to 2026. Increasing funding and investment from the governments of various countries across the EU will favour the growth of the bioreactors market. While this growth and funding is mainly driven by the Covid-19 vaccine initiative, which the EU allocated significant funding towards, a growing number of new market biotechnology firms in Europe will further boost the production and adoption of bioreactors. Single-use bioreactors particularly, are expected to progress at a compound annual growth rate of 16.7%, with the adoption of single-use bioreactors in biomanufacturing facilities credited with multiple benefits, including reductions in cross-contamination, flexibility in the use of floor space to manufacture different types of low-volume products and the ability to manufacture multiple products.

Of course, healthcare is only one aspect of the biomanufacturing market. Along with interdisciplinary fields such as applied immunology, genomics and the development of diagnostic tests and pharmaceutical therapies, food production, agriculture and medicine are the most important applications of biotechnology in Europe. Over the next 10 to 20 years, more than half of the direct impact by new biotech applications will be felt in the consumer products and services sectors, materials sector, energy production sector, agriculture sector and food sector. The importance of this sector is demonstrated by the rapid growth in investment. In 2020, global venture capital funding and deals were worth \$36.6 billion, and biotech IPOs doubled in terms of capital raised in comparison to 2019. Moreover, McKinsey predict that the economic benefits of biomanufacturing could be worth up to \$4 trillion a year across the next 10-20 years, as a result of the combined innovation attached to the industry and an ongoing fall in costs.

Leading European Biotechnology Firms by Venture Financing (2020)

Company (Country)	Venture Capital in \$ million		
CureVac (Germany)	300		
Legend Biotech (Ireland)	132		
Immunocore (UK)	114		
iTeos Therapeutics (Belgium)	109.6		
Freeline Therapeutics (UK)	105.2		
Oxford Nanopore Technologies (UK)	93		
ALX Oncology (Ireland)	92.1		
Alvotech (Ireland)	87.7		
ATAI Life Sciences (Germany)	81.6		
Lava Therapeutics (Netherlands)	72.8		

Research and Development of Biomanufacturing

Moreover, research and development spending in the biotechnology business sector continues to grow, with France, Switzerland, Belgium and Denmark demonstrating the most expenditure.

At present, several drivers are fuelling the growth of the biomanufacturing industry. Perhaps one of the main drivers is the increasing trend for biomanufacturing vendors to integrate automation technologies. While in the early stages of implementation within the industry, and mainly adopted by larger market actors, the integration of automation technologies in biomanufacturing vendors is facilitating a boost in the bioproduction workflow, whilst at the same time reducing time, cost, labour and errors. An increasing number of pipeline products is further driving biomanufacturing. For example, the global plant based biomanufacturing market is predicted to expand rapidly within the next five years due to a significant number of pipeline products, across a wide number of firms. Sustainable, innovative and scalable biomanufacturing solutions across value chains are driving the performance, economic and environmental advantages of this form of manufacturing. But is the biomanufacturing revolution sustainable, and from an investment perspective, will it continue on an upwards curve? We look at some of the challenges and opportunities for the industry to answer these questions.





Market Challenges for Biomanufacturing

Although the biomanufacturing industry continues to expand and grow, there are some challenges within the sector, which may be particularly challenging for smaller, medium-sized firms. The industry is associated with unpredictable costs, and high levels of capital expenditure. Moreover, high operational complexity and compatibility challenges further add to costs and can result in delays to the manufacturing process. Manufacturers require increasing access to scale in both the development and deployment of biomanufacturing solutions, to accelerate and support the growth of the bioeconomy. The World Economic Forum recommends that this is done through the formation of strategic partnerships across large platform developers, mature-consumer facing companies and application-specific technologies, leveraging of the increasing data sets generated by automation, AI, and platform developers, and building a network of manufacturing partners and technologies (i.e., joint investments in pre-competitive facilities, public-private sector partnerships)1.

The lack of skilled professionals within this industry presents a further challenge to biomanufacturing. To realise the full potential of the bioeconomy, and facilitate distributed and local modes of manufacturing, then the workforce needs to be significantly expanded. Ultimately, this a challenge that ultimately must be countered at the level of educational policy (i.e., via greater investment in early STEM education). However, given the general shift towards digitalization and automation in the manufacturing industry as a whole, there exists a common skillset across the traditional technologies in manufacturing, which can be translated and applied to the biomanufacturing workforce with the right guidance and support. Finally, we identify policy as being a potential challenge for the industry in the coming years. The biomanufacturing industry is fuelled by innovation, and it is imperative that policy aligns with the pace of this level of innovation, in order to allow for novel solutions while simultaneously managing risks.





Market Opportunities for Biomanufacturing

Despite challenges, the biomanufacturing industry will continue to grow due to the obvious performance, environmental and economic advantages. We identify two key market opportunities that will shape biomanufacturing in the next decade.



Solving Global Crises

Biomanufacturing presents the opportunity to develop technologies that can help to counter major global crises, including preparedness for and prevention of pandemics, and microplastic pollution. According to the World Economic Forum, the next two decades will reveal major advances in three areas that will help to solve these global problems.

In the first instance, biomanufacturing will advance bioremediation, with the continued development of enzymes and microbes to metabolize contaminants of wastewater and transform them into useful bioproducts. In the second instance, advances in biosecurity will result from the generation of localised biomanufacturing capabilities across both developed and developing nations.

This will enable for both fast and effective responses to emergent pandemics. In the third instance, advances in bioinnovation will allow for the development of both novel and existing materials and ingredients, enhancing value chains and providing alternative materials to petrochemicals.

Increasing R&D Investment, Digital Transformation



With the increasing adoption of Industry 4.0 technologies in biomanufacturing, comes increased benefits to the production process. Real-time monitoring is one area that AI could present a significant impact, given that accurate predictive controllers can enable for process robustness improvements, anticipate failures, minimise waste, and thus ensure product quality. Supply chain timelines can also be optimised due to the continuous monitoring and predictive control associated with this type of technology. Centralized systems of analytics can provide optimised production schedules and resources, allowing for factors such as weather, raw material availability, global demand and sustainability to be considered.

Certain value chains will be particularly benefited by the increasing implementation of Industry 4.0 technologies in biomanufacturing. For example, in the biopharma industry, analytics platforms will allow biomanufacturers to provide more accurate demand forecasts, reduce the level of input and effort required to investigate process deviations, improve cycle times, reduce discards and improve yields. In a similar vein, "digital twins" (that is, the creation of a computer model of a complex manufacturing environment) provides benefits to the biopharma industry in that the implementation of such models allows collaboration to be rewarded, and benefits from the work achieved already in other industries.

Summary

An increasing number of industries are turning to innovative solutions for manufacturing interactions. Increasingly, machines are equipped with decision-making capabilities, and biomanufacturing is no different. This growing, revolutionary industry, can capitalise on the benefits of data-driven manufacturing, to propel the already exponential growth of the industry, helping to fashion novel solutions, to real world problems, and providing both social and environmental benefits. With the industry boasting an already impressive track record for venture capital investment, we posit that future investments towards the scaling-up of the biomanufacturing industry will signify more than just profitable

The Snapshot

Biology may now be viewed as a fundamentally programmable technology through DNA, otherwise known as genetic code.

One of the main drivers is the increasing trend for biomanufacturing vendors to integrate automation technologies

The industry is associated with unpredictable costs, and high levels of capital expenditure

The lack of skilled professionals within this industry presents a further challenge to biomanufacturing.

Biomanufacturing presents the opportunity to develop technologies that can help to counter major global crises, including preparedness for and prevention of pandemics, and microplastic pollution.







Oak Universe

Oak Universe AB

Visiting and postal address: Strandvägen 7, 114 51, Stockholm, Sweden

Legal Notice

This white-paper (the "Presentation") has been prepared by Oak Universe AB ("Oak Universe" or the "Company") and is provided for information purposes only.

This Presentation may not be used for, or in connection with, any offer to, or solicitation by, any person in any jurisdiction or under any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation would not be authorized or lawful. This Presentation does not constitute or form part of, and should not be constructed as, any offer, invitation, solicitation or recommendation to purchase, sell or subscribe for any securities in the Company in any jurisdiction and does not constitute any form of commitment or recommendation on the part of the Company.

This Presentation may not, without the prior written consent of the Company, be copied, passed on, reproduced or redistributed, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, or disclosed by any recipient, to any other person, and it may not be published anywhere, in whole or in part, for any purpose or under any circumstances.

This Presentation is not a prospectus and has not been approved or reviewed by any governmental authority or stock exchange in any jurisdiction. Prospective investors must solely rely on their own examination of the legal, financial, taxation and other consequences of an investment in the Company. Prospective investors should not treat the contents of this Presentation as an advice relating to legal, taxation or investment matters. Certain information contained herein has been obtained from published sources prepared by other parties that the Company has deemed to be relevant and trustworthy. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made by the Company as to the accuracy, completeness or verification of any information contained in this Presentation. The Company has not made any independent review of information based on public statistics or information from an independent third party regarding the market information that has been provided by such third party, the industry or general publications.

Although efforts have been made to accurately describe the Company, the Company disclaims any and all liability for the content being correct, accurate and complete. In addition to information provided in the Presentation, the Company also disclaims any and all liability for oral and written information that a potential investor may be provided with by the Company. The Company also disclaims any and all liability for direct and indirect consequences resulting from decisions which are wholly or partly based on information in the Presentation.

Statements in this Presentation, including those regarding the possible or assumed future or other performance of the Company or its industry or other trend projections, constitute forward-looking statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors as they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will or may occur in the future, whether or not outside the control of the Company. No assurance is given that such forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. Prospective investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. They speak only as at the date of this Presentation and the Company do not undertake any obligation to update these forward-looking statements. Past performance does not guarantee or predict future performance. Moreover, the Company do not undertake any obligation to review, update or confirm expectations or estimates or to release any revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that arise in relation to the content of this Presentation. This Presentation as well as any other information provided by or on behalf of the Company in connection herewith shall be governed by Swedish law. The courts of Sweden, with the District Court of Stockholm as the first instance, shall have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any conflict or dispute arising out of or in connection with this Presentation or related matters.